A major purpose of the Progressive movement (1900–1917) was to

- **a. stimulate the economy**
- **b. support government control of factory production**
- **c. encourage immigration from southern and eastern Europe**
- **d. correct the economic and social abuses of industrial society**

**Answer**

D. correct the economic and social abuses of the industrial society.

**Progressivism** is a general political philosophy advocating or favoring gradual social, political, and economic reform. Modern Progressivism emerged as part of a more general response to the vast social changes brought by industrialization.